

LOUISVILLE DAILY DEMOCRAT.

VOLUME XVIII

LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY: WEDNESDAY MORNING, MARCH 26, 1862.

NUMBER 211.

Daily Democrat

TERMS OF DAILY DEMOCRAT TO THE COUNTRY.

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Subscribers, whose names are given, when the mail facilities were cut off in Southern Kentucky and Tennessee, can obtain them now by giving us notice when they received them and where they now wait forwarded for the time paid for.

Pillow and Floyd are in disgrace now in Dixie. They may be censured, however; they are only a few weeks in advance of Johnston, Beauregard & Co. They will fall into disrepute for not accomplishing the great things predicted for them. Davis and his Government will go the same road. Like the Provisional Government of Kentucky, they will migrate and circulate about until they land in foreign parts, or in prison. This country will soon be too hot to hold them.

A rebel is a patriot if he succeeds, and a traitor if he fails. In the former alternative his brow is to be circled with laurels; in the latter, his neck is liable to be circled with hemp. This country has no Botany Bay to accommodate enterprising gentlemen, who can't live in peace under good government. There are still, however, accessible countries outside of the United States, to which the unfortunate can retire in safety. Slidell is in France, where he is out of harm's way. Mason is in England, where he feels better than at home. Yancey, it is reported, has got home, but it is not probable that he is anxious to get to the United States at this crisis. He has enough to stay where he is, especially after his statement to Lord Russell has been published in the South. If he told Russell the truth, he has been telling the Southern people a lie, and upon that lie, they have risked all their interests in this generation. Yancey must stand very low in Europe, for the statesmen there are not ignorant of his statements to his people at home; and, indeed, the whole Southern Confederacy occupy a disreputable attitude. The statesmen on the other side of the water see that the leading conspirators in this country are trying to cheat their own people, or to cheat foreign governments.

Floyd and Pillow, then, may be censured. They are disgraced, to be sure, but so are the rest of the conspirators. Misery loves company, and Davis can't reproach Floyd and Pillow. If they are failures, Davis is a greater failure than they. These conspirators had better slip away now, whilst the South will tolerate them. The people they have deceived will execute them when they leave, but that they will very soon do anything, whether they leave or not. Their day is over, and the most rational point for them to consider now is their own personal safety. They advise other people to fight to exterminate, destroy their property, &c.; but other people are not going to do that. It is obvious. They stay at home, in the midst of Federal arms, and attend to their business. The fiercest of them take it all out in talking to extermination, and then they will never find the last ditch they are going to die in. If they do, they will run as fast as Pillow and Floyd. Pillow will never dig another ditch, if it is to be that last one. But, we do say, that Jeff. Davis need not get indignant, and degrade Pillow and Floyd. They are as good as he is. They have not made a worse failure than he has made. They cannot sink lower than he has sunk. Time will place Davis in the lower depth of that lowest deep.

We have frequent communications, respectful sometimes, and sometimes impudent, with no responsible names—written by men who have been after their rights, and are still after them. They tell us we have found out this, and found out that, and they proceed to give us the benefit of their information and judgment on the whole matter. Now, we assure them that we have more information on all the points than they have. We understand them, and the Abolitionists too. We know more about the North and South than they can tell us. We wish them to understand, distinctly, that such is our conceit of ourselves, and they can, therefore, judge how little attention their information and opinions are likely to receive from this quarter.

We have not underrated their power, nor the power of the Abolitionists. They can do more mischief to the country, and especially to the South, than the Abolitionists. We are aware of that, and they have done their worst. We foresaw, at the start, that they would break down, and passing events prove it. They still feel a horror of Abolitionism after all that is past; after Yancey, Ross, and Mann have told Lord Russell that the South did not need for fear of emancipation; that, so far from it, the United States had offered to guarantee that slavery in the States should never be interfered with.

We can tell them, for their satisfaction, that Abolitionism is about as near defeat as Secession; one may be afraid of the other, but they are not very dangerous to other people.

There are people enough to save the Union, in spite of Abolitionists and Secessionists, who are both its enemies. We know them both, and can't be instructed any further, and have no favors to ask of them except for their own sakes.

The Abolitionists have had the advantage lately, in appearing to have some credit at Washington. They flatter themselves that they are doing great things. How we puffed swim! Not being connected with an armed combination against the laws, they keep out of Fort Warren, and other depots for traitors in arms; but Phillips found he was not safe from a shower of eggs in the hands of the sovereign. We don't like mob law, it can never be justifiable; but, then, whilst one set of traitors get to Fort Warren, it is unjust that the other escape with impunity. Wait awhile, and their time will come.

We see that Wm. J. Lusk, of Garrard, is a candidate for Attorney in his district. He is a young lawyer of fine promise, and one of the genuine loyal men of the State.

The marvel of the telegraph, about the Confederates having the skulls of the Federal soldiers, and using their bones for pipe stems, are very properly discredited.

Another incident in the recent history of this subject, is the dispatch, just published, written on the 14th of August, last, to the British Minister of Foreign Affairs, by Messrs. Yancey, Ross and Mann, Commissioners from the cotton States to Europe. In that letter they state that the slavery question had nothing to do with the secession of those States, that the Lincoln Administration had endeavored to protect their rights on the subject of the States, if they would remain in the Union. If the gentlemen are honest in these assertions, they artfully duped the people; they represent, by making them believe the contrary before they ventured upon the extremity of secession. If they are simply endeavoring to dupe the British Government, they discredit the character of their people. In either case they are unworthy of respect and confidence. We take this opportunity to protest against the conduct of the people in the name of the people of Tennessee, who, believing that slavery was inspired by the course of Mr. Lincoln, threw themselves into the area of revolution.

REBELLION WITHOUT A FLAG.
(From the Charleston Mercury, March 6.)

There is no mistaking the very general dissatisfaction existing with the "Stars and Bars," adopted in the early stage of this rebellion by the Provisional Congress, as the Confederate emblem. A cognate variation of the old standard, with similar ideas, pattern and color, squinting strongly at "reorganization," and undistinguishably at a distance by sea or land, it is united neither to the taste for national independence, the sectional feelings, nor the practical uses of the Southern standard. Congress itself, stimulated, we presume, by the action of the army of the Potomac, at its last session took the matter again in hand. The Committee sat and reported a flag, which was adopted erroneously, as adopted by Congress, and which, though decked with four white stars, intended to imitate the four corners of a St. Andrew's Cross. We are informed that this flag was not adopted, or any other; but that the body having shown a preference for another ensign, transferred the whole subject over to the new Congress, now in session. Our readers may have noticed among the Committees of the new House of Representatives, one "on the Flag and Seal." The latter is, therefore, left for determination.

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HARNEY, HUGHES & CO.

500-70 Third Street, east side, between
Market and Jefferson.

WEDNESDAY MORNING. MARCH 26, 1862.

Closing and Arrival of the Mails at the Louisville Postoffice.

Eastern, Western, and Northern closed at 12 M., and arrives at 12 M.

Local, via L. & N. R. (small office) at 9:30 P.M. the previous evening, closes at 12 M.

Mailbox to Cincinnati, Ohio, at close of 12 M. A. M.

Arrives at 1:30 A. M., and arrives at 6:30 P. M.

St. Louis closed at 12 M. at night, and arrives at 6:30 A. M.

Lexington R. R. closed at 12 M. at night, and arrives at 6:30 A. M.

Hartford, R. R. closed at 12 M. at night, and arrives at 6:30 A. M.

Washington Stage (tri-weekly) closes at 12 M. at night, and arrives at 8:30 P. M.

Washington Stage (tri-weekly) leaves Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 12 M. A. M., and arrives at 6:30 P. M.

Taylorville Stage closes at 12 M. at night, and arrives at 6:30 P. M.

On all routes where the principal mails close at 12 M. at night, the way-mails close at 9:30 P. M.

LOCAL NEWS.

Don't Send us 10-Cent Stamps.

We can not use any stamp of a greater denomination than three cents, and we must therefore caution our friends against sending them. It will only subject us to the necessity of returning them.

The General Hospital.

Hospital No. 1, corner of Ninth street and Broadway. Hospital No. 2, corner of Eighth and Green streets. Hospital No. 3, Main street, between Seventh and Eighth.

Hospital No. 4, corner of Fifteenth and Main streets. Hospital No. 6, corner of Center and Green streets. Hospital for small pox, Bardstown road, near Cave Hill Cemetery.

Board of Trade.

Pursuant to adjournment, the corporators of the Board of Trade met last evening in the Council Chamber, when J. L. Smyser was called to the chair, and Col. J. S. Wallace to the post of Secretary.

The committee appointed at the last meeting to make necessary inquiries in reference to rooms and the cost of setting the Board fairly to work, reported progress, and were granted further time till the next meeting.

The committee appointed to see the business men of the city, and solicit their cooperation in the establishment of the Board of Trade, reported very satisfactory results.

Their report shows that, including the corporators, the number of individuals and firms who will co-operate was one hundred and three. The new applicants were all duly elected members, in accordance with the provisions of the Constitution. An addition was made to the committee, and they are to continue their labors during the coming week. The following members were added to that committee: S. M. Lemont, H. G. Phillips, and John Snyder.

Nominations were then made for permanent officers of the Board, to be voted for at the regular annual meeting, Tuesday, April 1st, and the following members were nominated for the office of President, viz: Z. M. Sherley, Geo. W. Morris, George W. Wicks and J. M. Duncan; and for Vice Presidents, of whom there are three to be elected, the following nominations were made, viz: H. Burkhardt, Jacob F. Weller, B. Dupont, Richard Woolfolk and J. L. Smyser.

The following resolutions, forwarded by Clinton B. Fisk, Secretary of the Union Merchant's Exchange, of St. Louis, were read and referred to a special committee, consisting of Messrs. J. S. Long, J. T. Edmunds and George W. Wicks:

Resolved, That we consider a tax to be levied by the United States Government, as now proposed in Congress, of three cents per pound on raw leaf tobacco,ings and stems which is to be imposed on the exportation of these articles, a measure that would prove very disastrous to the culture of tobacco in the United States, and reduce the raising of that crop to such a quantity as would be needed for the consumption of this country, and to such qualities as could not, perhaps, be grown in other countries, thus destroying a valuable product of our agricultural industry, by making it the only article of field culture that would pay a tax when exported, while cotton, flour, cereals, &c., are free.

Resolved, That tobacco grown in South America, Africa, Europe, the West and East Indies, and not subject to an export tax, could then drive out of the markets of the world, the tobacco of the growth of the United States, except, perhaps, some higher grades, of which it is proposed to levy a tax of three cents per pound, equal to 25 @ 100 cents per pound, which, if exacted, would fail to produce such revenue, as it would become prohibitory on most qualities of tobacco now exported.

Resolved, That we consider all export duties on the products and manufactures of a country as a drawback and injury to the industry of the farmer, mechanic, and manufacturer, when competing in foreign markets; that such is a fact admitted in political economy; that most commercial nations have abdicated the exercise, and that we request our Eastern and Southern representatives in Congress, to oppose a tax on coffee and sennit tobacco, unless consumed in the United States; and that the tax on manufactured tobacco should be returned when exported.

On motion, Messrs. B. F. Guthrie, H. Burkhardt and John Tait were appointed a committee to revise the tariff of charges.

And, on motion, the meeting adjourned to meet at the same place on the evening of Tuesday, April 1st, at 7 o'clock, which time the organization will be completed by the election of officers under the provisions of the constitution.

The meeting last night was large, and animated by a spirit of calm, cool determination, which will pass its way to a successful issue. The next meeting will, without doubt, be an exceedingly interesting one. It is expected that during the coming week the committees will labor assiduously and be prepared with full and satisfactory reports, and the election of the officers for the ensuing year will be an occasion of interest. Let no merchant who values his best interests, delay any longer, but send in his name, and let the Board organize with a large and active membership.

PERSONAL.—If this notice should meet the eyes of James W. Hanson, formerly of St. Joseph, Michigan, but now a member of the 10th regiment of Indiana volunteers, who has been in Hospital No. 3 of this city, he will learn that his mother is searching for him, and would like to see him before she goes back home. She is stopping on the south side of Jefferson street, four doors west of First street.

Mrs. Hugh Ferguson returns her sincere thanks to Mrs. B. Rouse, President of the Soldiers' Aid Society of Cleveland, Ohio, for two boxes and one basket, containing clothing and hospital delicacies for the sick soldiers.

THANKS.—We are indebted to Will S. Hayes, of the Adams Express Co., for late Nashville papers; also to the messengers of the Express Co. for Eastern and Western papers several hours in advance of the mails.

THE UNION SPEECHES.—T. B. Petersen & Brothers, of Philadelphia, have published in a neat twenty-five cent pamphlet the Union Speeches delivered in England, during the present American war by George Francis Train. From the extracts which have from time to time been given in the Democrat, our readers are prepared to do ample justice to the fearlessness, shrewd common sense, and effectiveness of Mr. Train's addresses. They have contributed in no slight degree to producing a healthful reaction in English opinions on American affairs. The profits of the sale of this book are to be devoted to the aid of the "London American," the only American organ in Europe. The enterprise has the warm approbation of Bishop McIlvane, Minister Adams, and other distinguished countrymen abroad. A portrait of Mr. Train accompanies the volume.

POLICE PROCEEDINGS.—Tuesday, March 25.—William Vanderbilt, drunk and disorderly conduct; discharged.

William Ronald and Elizabeth Shaw, disorderly conduct, cohabiting, &c.; ball of Ronald in \$200 for six months, the same of Mrs. Shaw.

James Allen, drunk and disorderly conduct, choking and knocking down a woman, and kicking in doors; bail in \$100 to answer an indictment. Gave bail.

An unfortunate devil was in the cage who appeared as if he had been pulled through a sick cow and beat with a stout bag; one appearing against him, he was discharged.

PERSONAL.—A passenger on the Arizonas, whose cloathing was marked W. H. Ford, and who embarked at Nashville for Louisville, very low with consumption, died on the passage down the Cumberland, and was buried on the west bank of the river, a short distance above Devil's Elbow. His carpet-case and effects are in charge of the Captain of the boat. Any further particulars may be learned by his friends, if living in this vicinity, by applying to Morehead & Co., Wall street.

FOURTH, WARD.—At a meeting of the Union men of the Fourth ward last night, Thomas Shanks chairman and J. H. Price secretary, the following nominations were made: E. A. Buckner and Wm. Kaye for the Common Council, and Nat. Weller, Esq., for School Trustee.

We call the attention of dealers to the auction sale of L. Kahn & Co., this morning at 10 o'clock; they sell a superior lot of goods which are well worthy the attention of buyers. You had better go there.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—Many of the Union voters of the Ninth ward earnestly enter their protest against the manner in which the nominees for Councilman in said ward received nomination at the meeting held last Saturday, and call on the Union voters of said ward to attend a meeting to be held at the Markethouse, on Wednesday evening, March 26, at 8 o'clock, to reconsider the proceedings at the former meeting, and nominate a suitable representative.

A MAJORITY OF THE VOTERS.

JUST ARRIVED.—The tow-boat Tom Jones, owned by T. W. Briggs & Co., with 60,000 bushels Pittsburgh coal, which they offer for sale at their office on Market street, between First and Second, No. 185.

"FLOURISHING LIKE A GREEN BAY TREE."—The Louisville Gold Pen Manufactury is still turning out fine gold pens and selling in quantities, to suit purchasers. Buy a gold pen at the manufactory and you will be sure of getting one to please. A fine assortment of pen holders and cases on hand. Pens repeated for fifty cents. Sign—magnom gilt pen on Main street, four doors below Fourth.

mh25 dtd

R. C. HILL,
(late Barnes & Hill.)

One of the beauties of the cash system is, that the merchant is not obliged to charge those customers who pay an extra price to cover losses on those who do not pay. Green & Green buy and sell for cash. They will introduce their new style of silk hat on Saturday, March 29th. Customers will oblige them by sending in their heads early this week.

"THE ELEGANT STOCK OF MEN AND BOYS."—The elegant stock of men and boys' clothing, gentlemen's furnishing goods, cloths, cassimeres and vestings, just opened at J. M. Armstrong's, on Main street, opposite the National Hotel, is attracting the attention of those who wear fine and tastey goods. A word to the wise, &c.

MITCHELL'S INDIAN RHEUMATIC EXTRACT.—That old and long-tried remedy for the cure of chronic, acute or inflammatory rheumatism, is the surest and best after all. Try it—try it. The price has been greatly reduced. Call at Raymond & Taylor's, 74 Fourth street, opposite the National Hotel.

Large lots of fresh timothy and clover seed, blue grass and orchard grass; also, all kinds of Landreth's fresh garden seeds, hemp seed to sow, &c., for sale by W. B. Wilson, 2nd floor Main st., bet. Third and Fourth.

Get one of Elrod's card photographs. He is making fine painted photographs at very low prices. Gallery—No. 409 Main street.

H. W. Wilkes has removed his wire and finding store from Fourth street to 404 Main street, north side, three doors below Fourth.

mh25 dtd

ESPECIAL NOTICE TO SUTLERS AND DEALERS.—We have now in store, and will be receiving daily, a superior article of Western Sheep, Hambur, and English dairy cheese, dried beef, beef tongue, extra-salted pig's foot, Bologna sausage, figs, almonds, fiblets, Brazil nuts, sardines, &c. 100 lbs. hot herring, 500 boxes No. 1 smoked herring, sour kroul, white beans, new sugar-soured bacon, breakfast bacon, 100 barrels pink hammy, 50 oaks cold ham and shoulders, clear rib and ribbed sides (that will be sold very low), 850 sacks No. 1 Pennsylvania buckwheat flour, potatoes, onions, &c., all of which will be sold by C. F. Dill, General Commission Merchant, 226 West Main street.

We have in store and to arrive—200 bags Rio coffee, 500 eggs, assorted sizes, 100 barrels Baltimore yellow sugar, 200 coils Manila cordage, 200 boxes star and tallow candles, 100 boxes tobacco, various brands, also, wooden ware, spines, indigo, madec, cotton batting, rags, &c., to sale for cash or country produce.

Glazebrook, Esq., & Co., Grocers and Commission Merchants, 5th Main st., bet. Seventh & Eighth.

At a time when there is great jealousy that the stock of dry lumber, sash, doors, blinds, &c., will fall short, owing to the vast amount of improvements in Louisville, it will be interesting to the public to know that Alexander, Ellis & Co. have enlarged their factory and have now on hand several million of dry lumber. Call at their office, on Main street, nearly opposite the Gall House, or at their factory, on Fulton, above Second, before purchasing elsewhere.

mh25 dtd

SOLDIERS' ATTENTION.

The above SAUCE is not only the best and most popular sauce ever made, but it is also the most nutritious, drop in soup, gravy, or with fish, hot or cold joints, &c. The unpriced Sauce manufacturers have in vain endeavored to match it. A crust containing "Lee & Perrin's" Worcester Sauce.

To appreciate the excellent quality of this delicious preparation it is only necessary to purchase a small amount of it, and compare it with any other similar sauce.

Many Hotel and Restaurant proprietors seldom place a genuine Béchamel with a spoonful of Lee & Perrin's Worcester.

For 50 cents, \$1, and \$2 per bottle, according to size.

mh25 dtd

LEA & PERRIN'S CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

PRONOUNCED BY CONNOISSEURS TO BE THE BEST IN THE WORLD.

TO BE SOLD BY THE SPOTTY BOTTLE.

mh25 dtd

NOTICE.—WE HAVE THIS DAY SOLD OUR STOCK OF HOT, SHOES, AND STORE FIXTURES, to

D. T. McCAMPBELL,

Who will continue the wholesale Boot and Shoe Business.

At our old stand, 439 Main street, where we will be continuing our old business. We hope that our friends that they have extended to us.

mh25 dtd

DRY GOODS.—WE HAVE NOW IN STORE AND WILL RECEIVE DURING THE SPRING BUSINESS SEASON A GENERAL STOCK OF DRY GOODS.

To which we will extend the attention of our friends and buyers generally who may visit our market.

LEIGHTON, BARRETT & CO.

mh25 dtd

DRY GOODS.—WE ARE PREPARED TO SELL GOODS IN OUR STOCK AS ANY HOUSE IN THE UNITED STATES, AND WE INVITE THE ATTENTION OF THE TRADE TO OUR STOCK.

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RESTAURANTS

POTOMAC SHAD

JUST RECEIVED, A SPLENDID LOT OF SHAD.

FIRST OF THE SEASON.

Morris' Cove,

X York Bay,

Shrewsbury, and

Prince's Bay

OYSTERS IN THE SHELL,

Jack Snipe, Plover, Quail,

DIAMOND BACK TERRAPINS,

And all other scrumptious luxuries served up in superior style.

WALKER'S EXCHANGE,

J. C. CAWEIN & CO.,

Third Street, between Main and Market.

mb13 daw

POTOMAC SHAD! CLAMS!

Fresh Potomac Shad,

Clams,

Oysters in the Shell,

Jack Snipe, Plover, Quail,

DIAMOND BACK TERRAPINS,

And all other scrumptious luxuries served up in superior style.

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